RHIC Computing Facility

RHIC S&T Review

Eric Lançon August 23, 2016



a passion for discovery



Outline

- Status of RCF, synergies with ATLAS Tier-1
- Performance in recent RHIC runs
- Future technological and data challenges
- Synergies with BNL Computing Initiative
- B725 infrastructure project



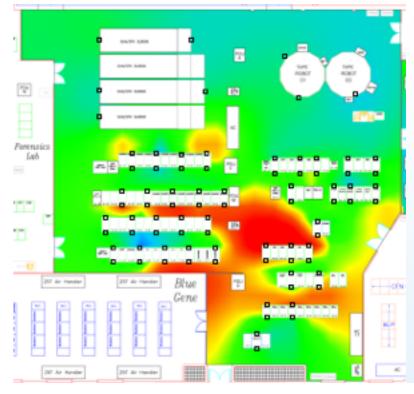
Recommendations from 2014 S&T review

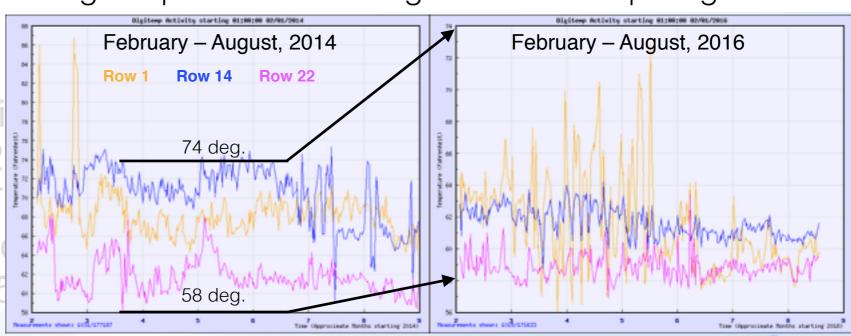
- 1. BNL is encouraged to resolve the HVAC problem at RACF as soon as possible.
- 2. The RACF and the detector collaborations should analyze the processing capacity required to perform the necessary production runs (in

units of HS06*year 3 additional Heating & Ventilating Air Conditioning units installed compare to the ava reducing temperature level & gradient in computing room

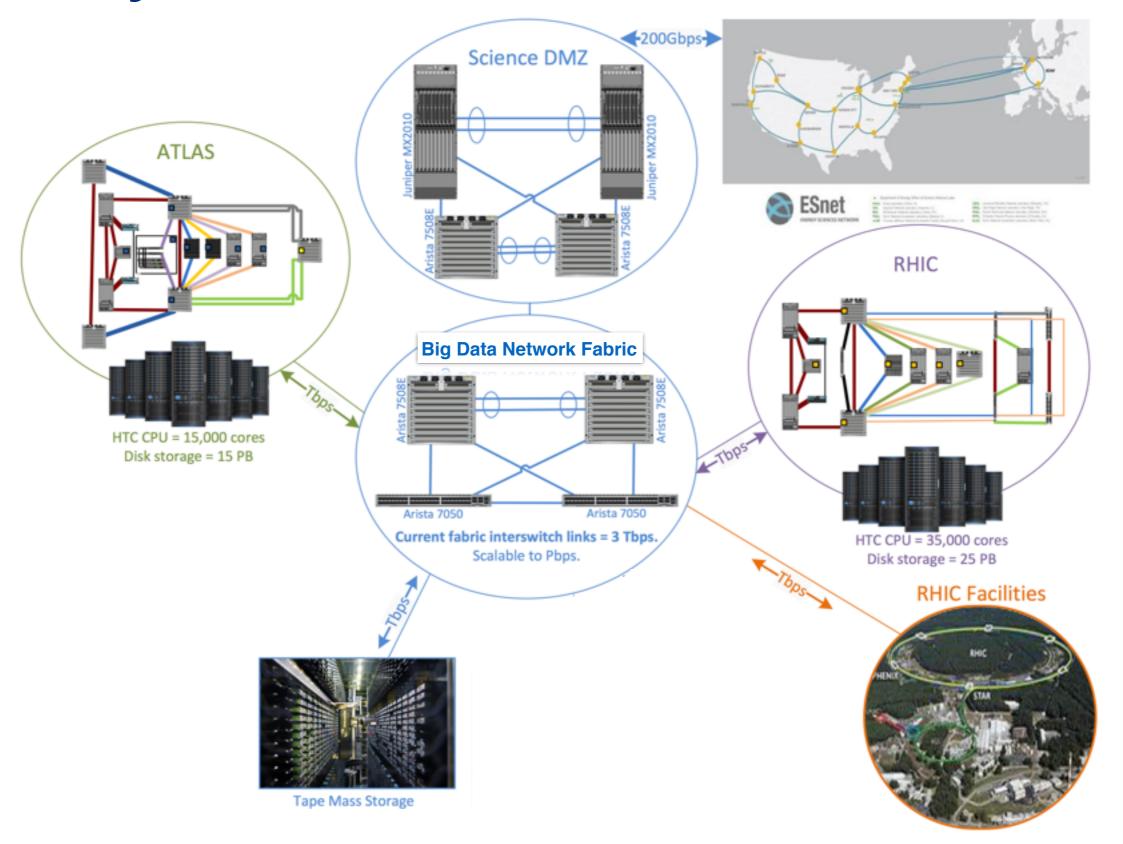
capacity of RACF. If additional capacity is required, a plan to acquinecessary capacity by 2 should be developed. To plan should be submitted DOE by January 1, 2015

Temperature map in computing room





RCF today



Capacities as of today

55k CPU cores

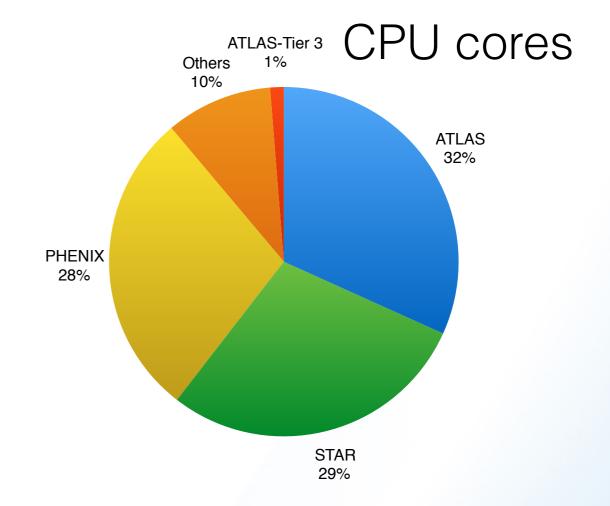
 3% HPC of capacity, will increase in the next months

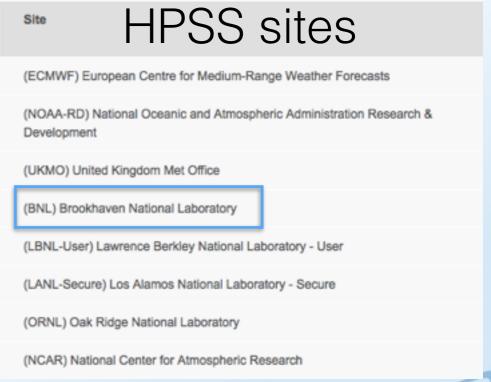
~45 PB of disk storage

of various technologies

~80 PB of tape storage

- 4th HPSS (High Performance Storage System) site worldwide
- first within the US⁽¹⁾









Status of RCF

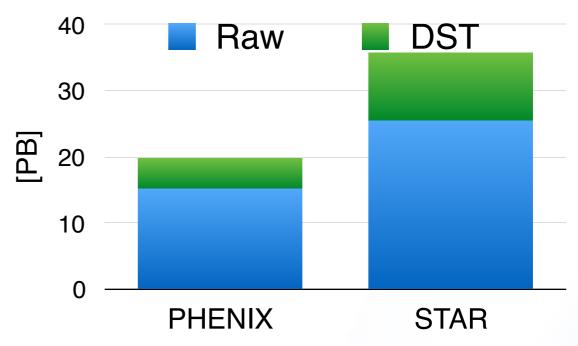
- RCF performed well during 2016 run
- Resources are ~fully utilised
- Hardware (CPU) is getting old, migration to new tape generation needed (space in HPSS)
- Increase of resources needed in the next years

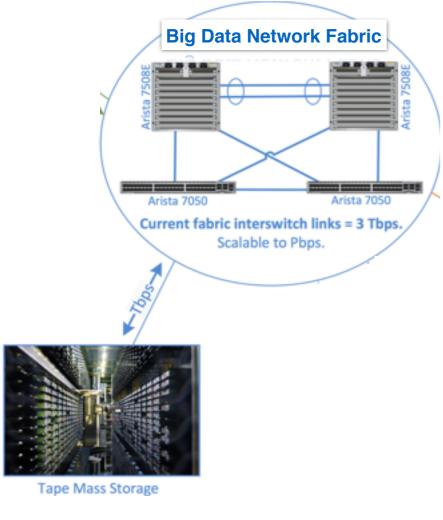


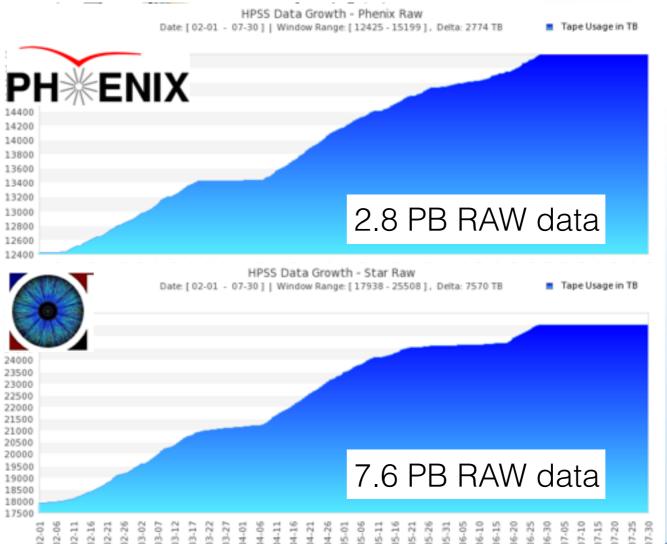
Performance in 2016

No issue in writing RAW data to tape



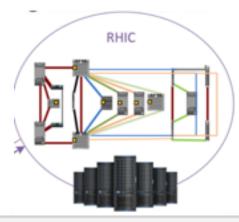


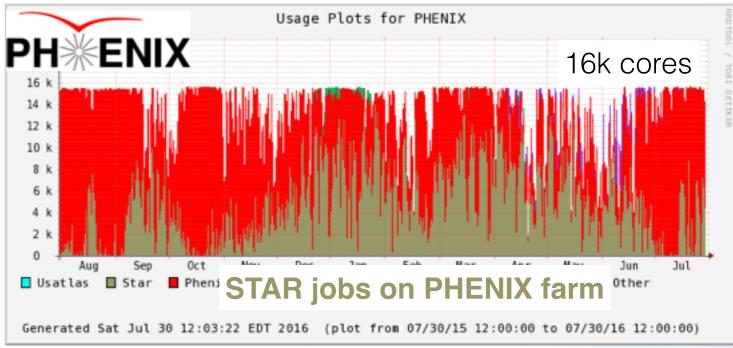


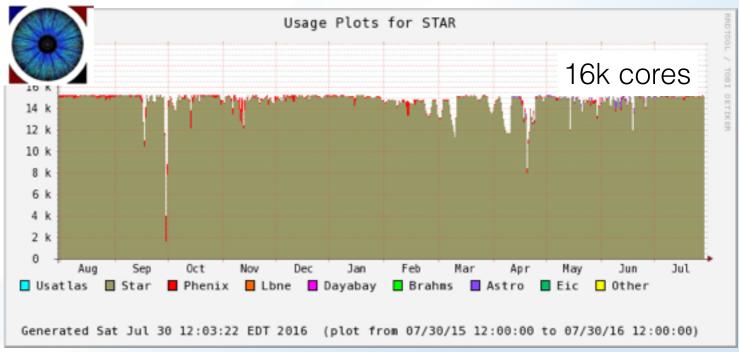


CPU usage of the farms

- Two distinct computing farms of equal size, one for PHENIX, one for STAR
- Storage distributed on computing nodes
 - Reconstruction jobs of experiment A cannot run on farm of experiment B
- STAR farm almost continuously saturated while PHENIX farm is not
- PHENIX farm used by STAR analysis jobs when no PHENIX activity
 - Optimisation of batch system (Condor) performed by RCF,
 - STAR analysis workflow optimisation to be done (too long jobs)
- Lesson for the future
 - Computing models (workflow management, data organisation,...) and technological choices (storage, CPU, ...) of experiments should not be too different in order to benefit from a global pool of resources









Synergy with ATLAS Tier-1

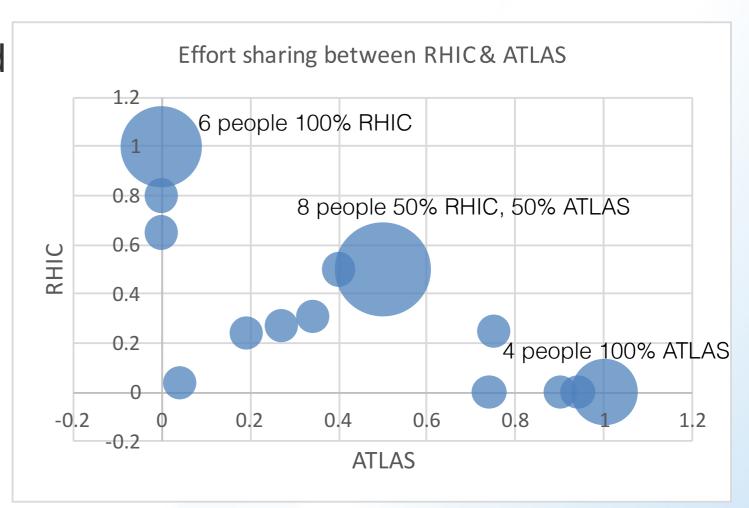
- Economy of scale (operation, purchase,...)
- Common procedures and configurations (resilience)
- Common tools (batch system, storage, network)
- Expertise from RCF benefits to ATLAS (and vis versa)
- Access to Grid and cloud computing expertise developed in ATLAS

...



Synergy with ATLAS Tier-1

- 13.6 FTE for RHIC
 - Support from ITD included
 - 6 people are 100% RHIC (storage, infrastructure, user support,...)
 - 8 people 50/50 (batch, system administration & configuration,...)
- About the right size of effort provided new RHIC experiments do not develop complex computing models





Future technological and data challenges

Future of computing is multi-core

- New hardware are multi-core 16, 32, 64,.... with less and less memory per core
- Could software of RHIC future experiments be multi-core?
- Is it worth the effort for existing experiments?

Object store technology

- ATLAS will migrate to Ceph (2-5 years)
- To be considered for sPHENIX and eRHIC?
- RHIC hardware is getting old, ~25% older than 5 years

Tape technology

- 2 generations behind in tape technology
- Only one copy of RAW date on tape

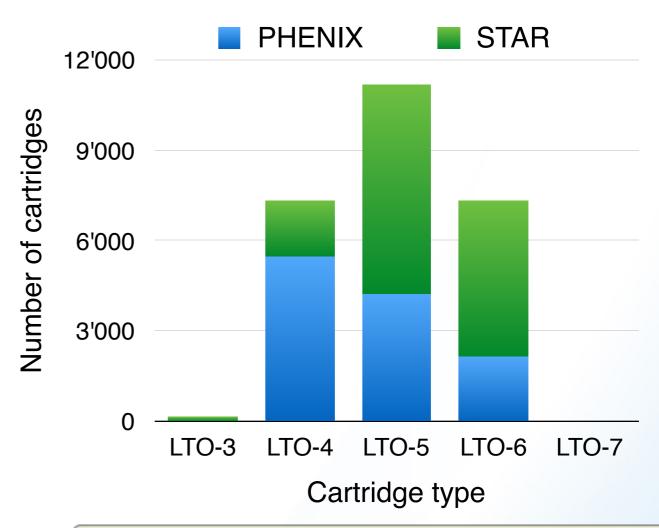
Data preservation

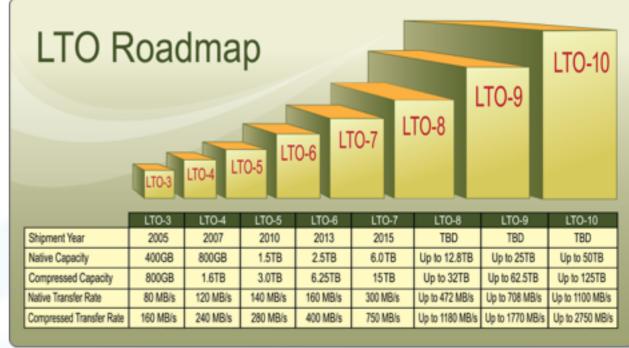
Access to data and software maintenance long after data taking



Tape migration

- Need to migrate archived data to new tape technology (LTO-7)
 - ~7 more capacity / tape
 - ~3 time faster
- LTO-7 tape drives cannot read LTO-4 and older types
 - Data on LTO-4 copied onto LTO-7
- 2 copies of RAW data will be made in the migration process
 - Today 1 copy of RAW data

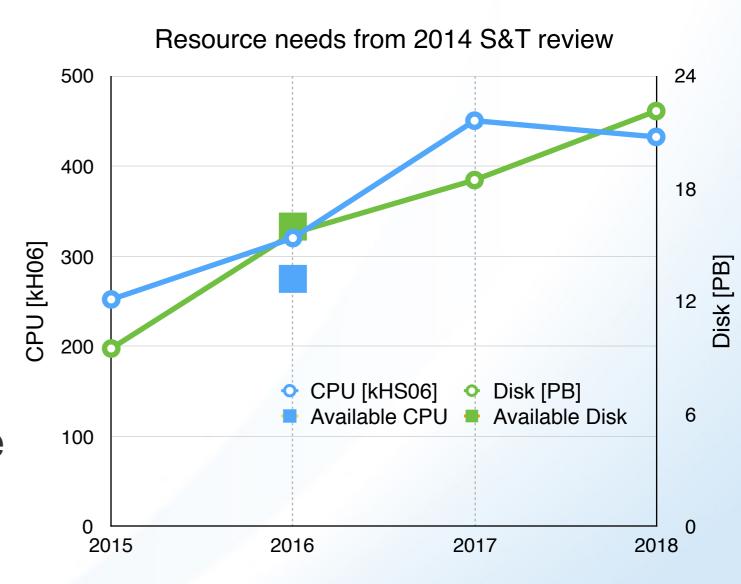






CPU & Disk resources for next years

- Today's resources just match anticipated needs from 2014 S&T review
- 25% of capacity is older than 5 years and need to be replaced
- Projected 2017 needs (including replacement)
 ~1.9 current capacity
- Projection did not include running in 2017
- Real 2017 needs ~2.1 current capacity

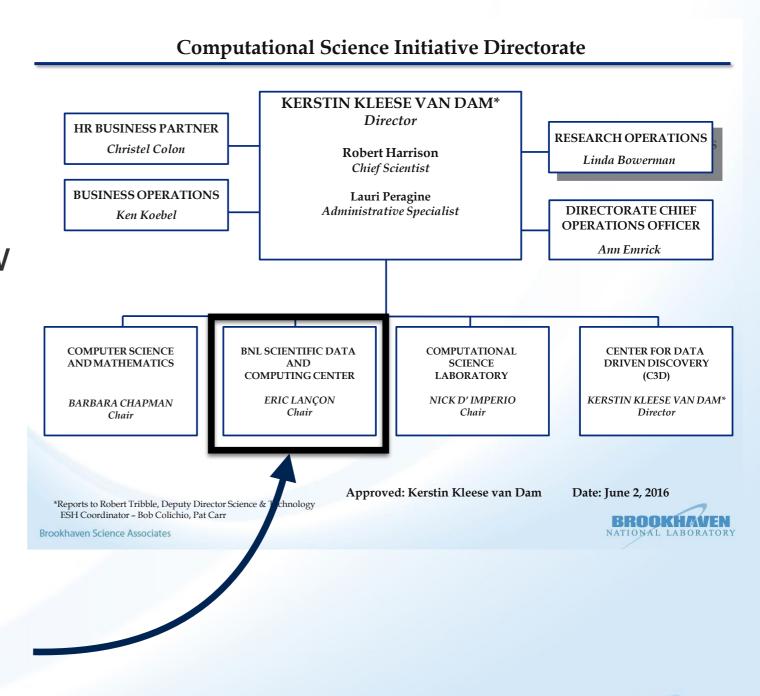




Computational Science Initiative: CSI

CSI

- Leverage laboratory investments in scientific computing across multiple programs
- Patterns: universities (Columbia, Cornell, New York University, Stony Brook, and Yale) and companies including IBM Research.
- SDCC: Scientific Data and Computing Center of CSI

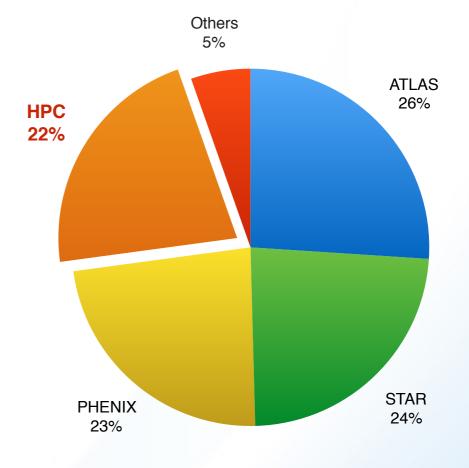


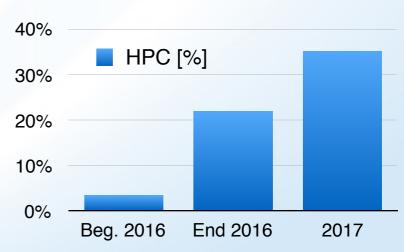


RHIC and ATLAS Computing Facility operates SDCC

- SDCC is operated by RACF
- It includes components from
 - Laboratory's Institutional Cluster
 - CFN (Center for Functional Nanomaterials)
 - Atmospheric Radiation Measurement
 - USQCD
 - ...
- Heavy investments by CSI in HPC

SDCC en 2016 **70k cores**





Synergies with BNL Computing Initiative

- CSI is purchasing or complementing purchases in the area of HPC computing (multi-core interconnected nodes)
 - Institutional cluster (Fall 2016, 2x 2017)
 - Knight Landings (KNL) Intel farm (Fall 2016). Initiated by BNL QCD group and RIKEN, CSI doubled the capacity
- These resources will be made available to RHIC program in opportunistic mode
 - May add 10% to RHIC resources?
 - Issue : manpower to port RHIC codes on KNL?
- Leverage on expertise in data processing, networking & storage technologies developed for RHIC and ATLAS

Computing room(s)

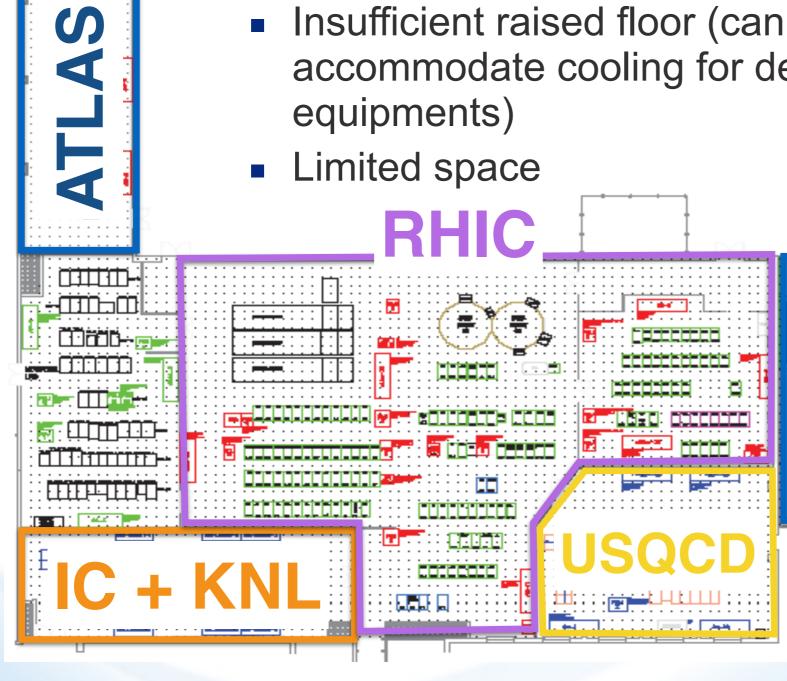
OLD installations

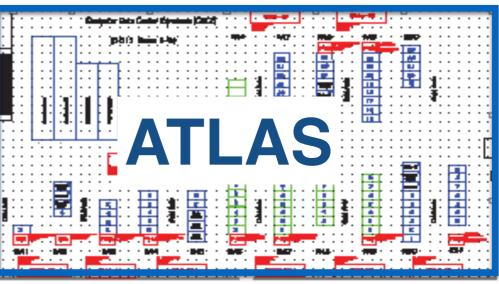


Insufficient raised floor (cannot accommodate cooling for denser new equipments)

Limited space





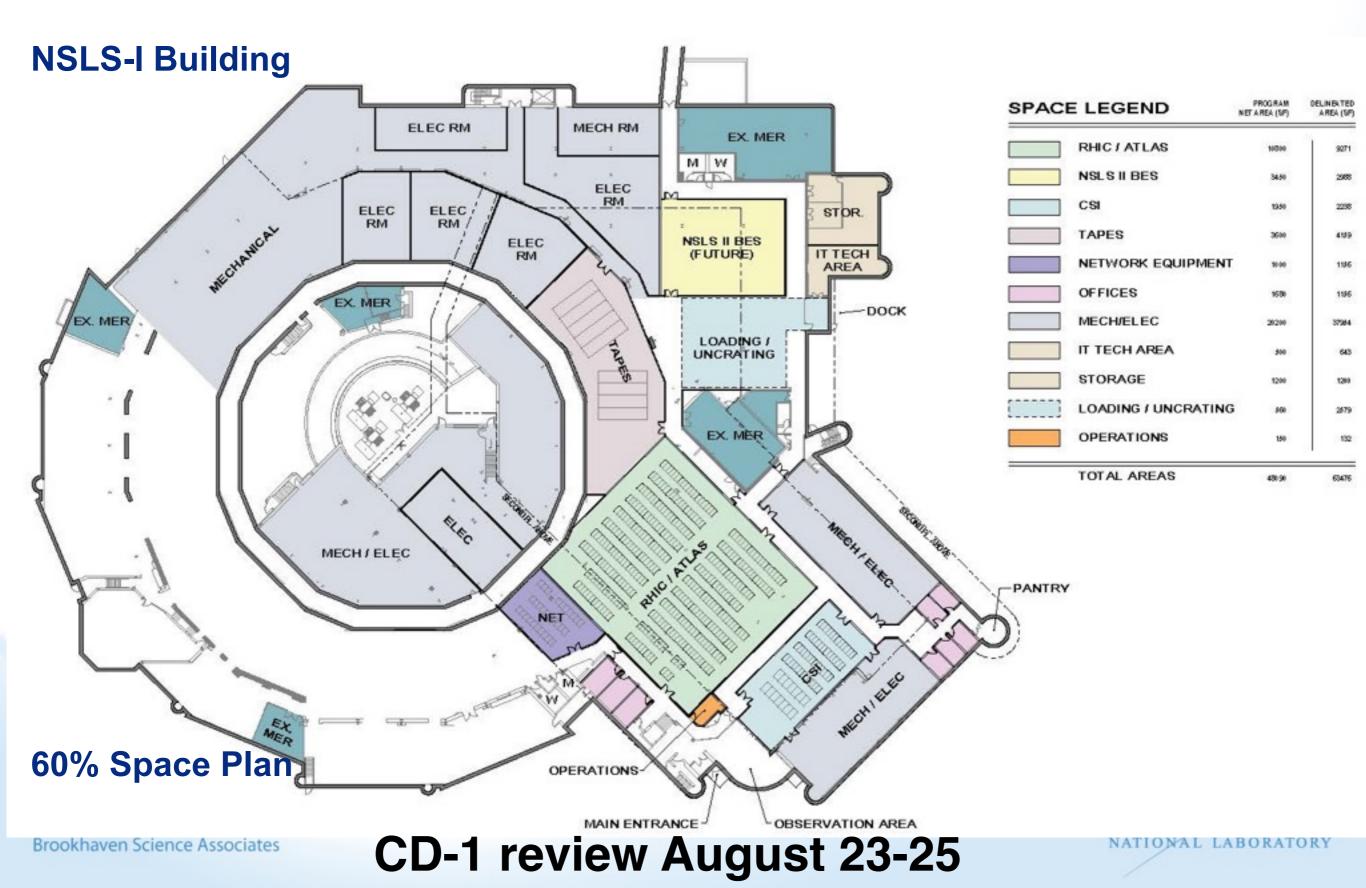


15k SqF

New computing room needed



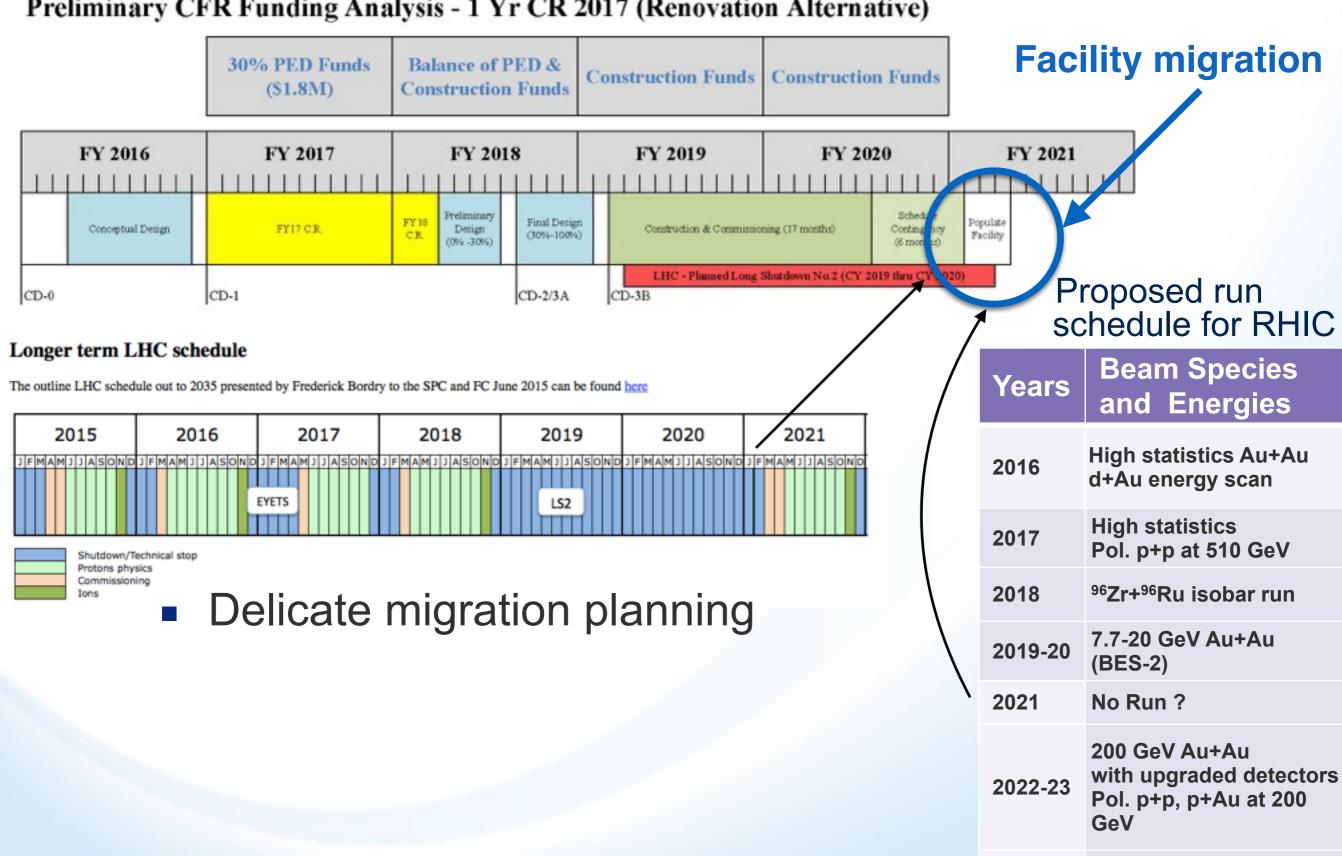
Core Facility Revitalisation – Conceptual Design



CFR – Preliminary Schedule

Brookhaven Science Associates

Preliminary CFR Funding Analysis - 1 Yr CR 2017 (Renovation Alternative)



Program TBD

2024---

Summary

RCF performed remarkably well during Run 16

- About the right size of effort for current requirements
- Needs for replacement of old hardware, new tape generation & resources needs for 2017 and beyond
 - difficult with level of current budget
- Plan being developed for migrating facility to state of the art computing room in 2021

Backup



Recommendations from 2014 S&T review

- 1. BNL is encouraged to resolve the HVAC problem at RACF as soon as possible.
- 2. The RACF and the detector collaborations should analyze the processing capacity required to perform the necessary production runs (in units of HS06*years) and compare to the available capacity of RACF. If additional capacity is required, a plan to acquire the necessary capacity by 2018 should be developed. This plan should be submitted to DOE by January 1, 2015.

Response to the 2014 RHIC S&T Review Committee Recommendation

"The RACF and the detector collaborations should analyze the processing capacity required to perform the necessary production runs (in units of HSO6*years) and compare to the available capacity of RACF. If additional capacity is required, a plan to acquire the necessary capacity by 2018 should be developed. This plan should be submitted to DOE by January 1, 2015."

Prepared by Michael Ernst (RACF), Jerome Lauret (STAR) and Christopher Pinkenburg (PHENIX)

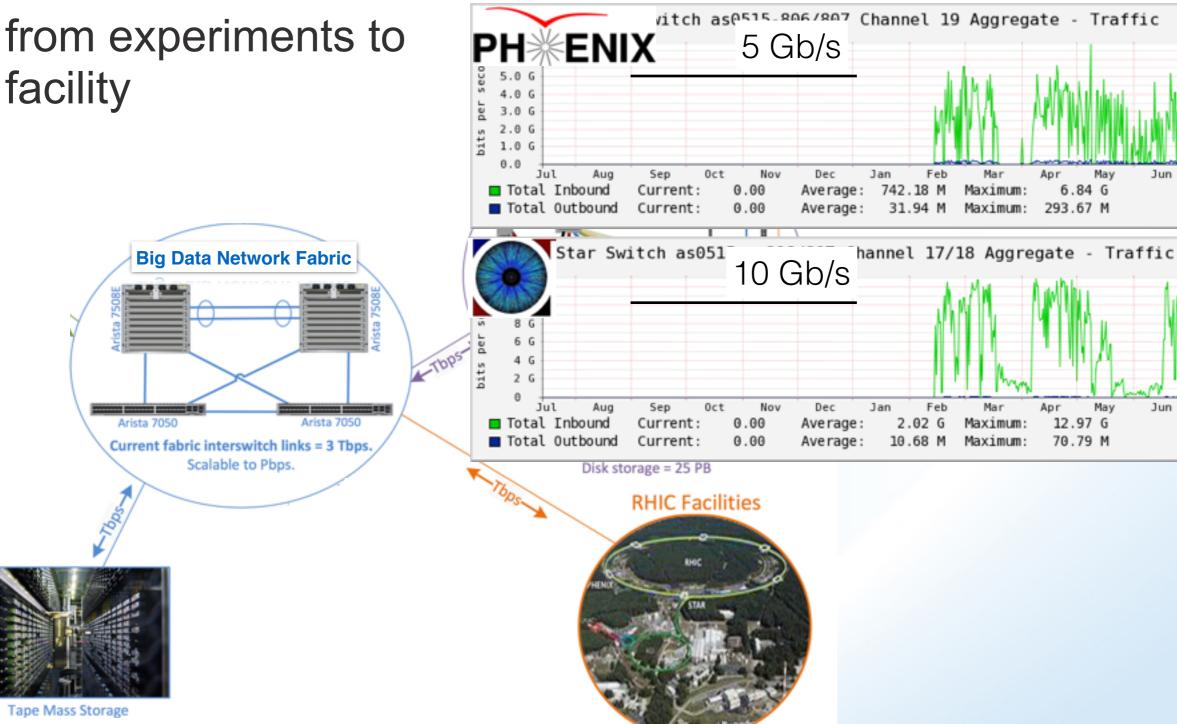
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Performance in 2016

No issue in data transfer



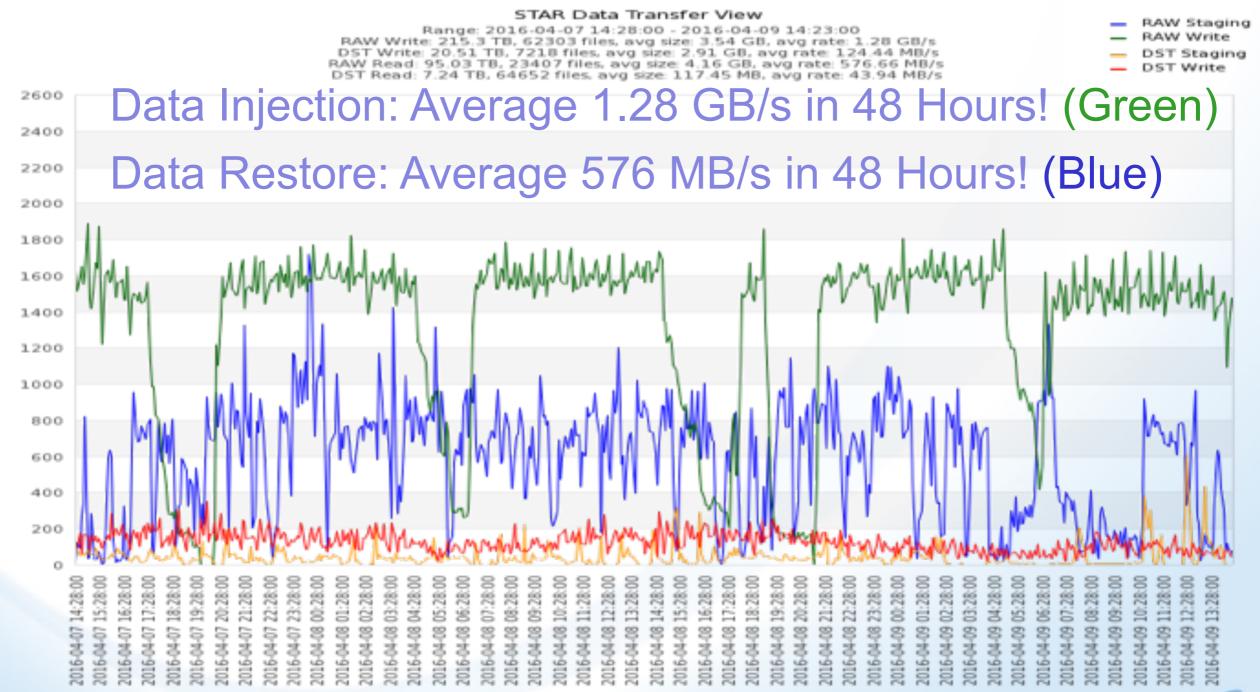
Jul

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12.97 G

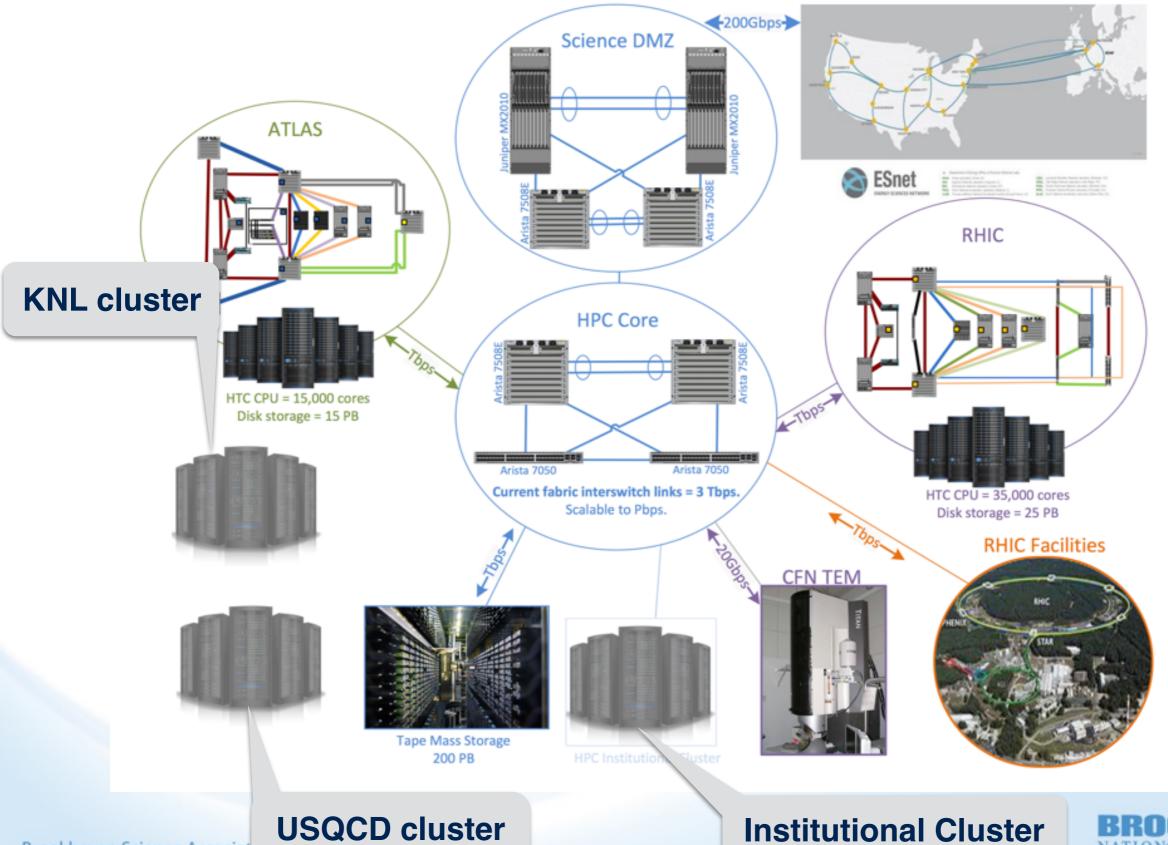
High Throughput Parallel Archiving

RHIC RUN 16 - STAR



2017

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CFR Design – An Incremental Approach

Power

- Day-one capability (2021) 2.4 MW IT power (dedicated computing power). This is approximately double current RACF IT power.
- Provide provision for future 1.2 MW IT power increments to 6MW Max.

Cooling

- Day-one cooling capability to support 2.4 MW IT power
- Provide provision for future 1.2 MW IT power deployments

Space

- Day-one Accommodate approximately 33% footprint expansion (Racks) within defined spaces.
- Day-one Accommodate approximately 3,500 SF additional, unassigned space.
- Provide opportunity for future (long term) growth within the balance of the 725 facility. Both computing and offices.

